



Securely Retrofitting Door Locks for Cheap Control through Mobile Devices

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Introduction

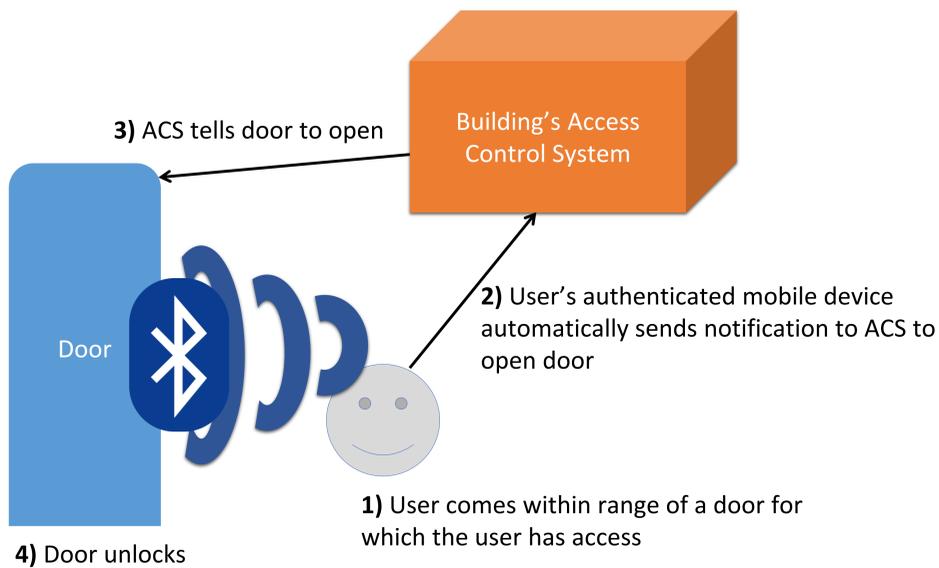
- The internet of things is a fast growing space
 - Nonstandard Authentication mechanisms
- There is a **large install base** of existing infrastructure for **building automation**
- Bluetooth low energy beacons allow for affordable retrofitting of legacy systems
 - Secondary authentication mechanism necessary
- Contributions:
 - Attack model for BLE devices requiring authentication
 - Low cost** method to retrofit door lock systems for mobile control
 - Prototype implementation of protocol



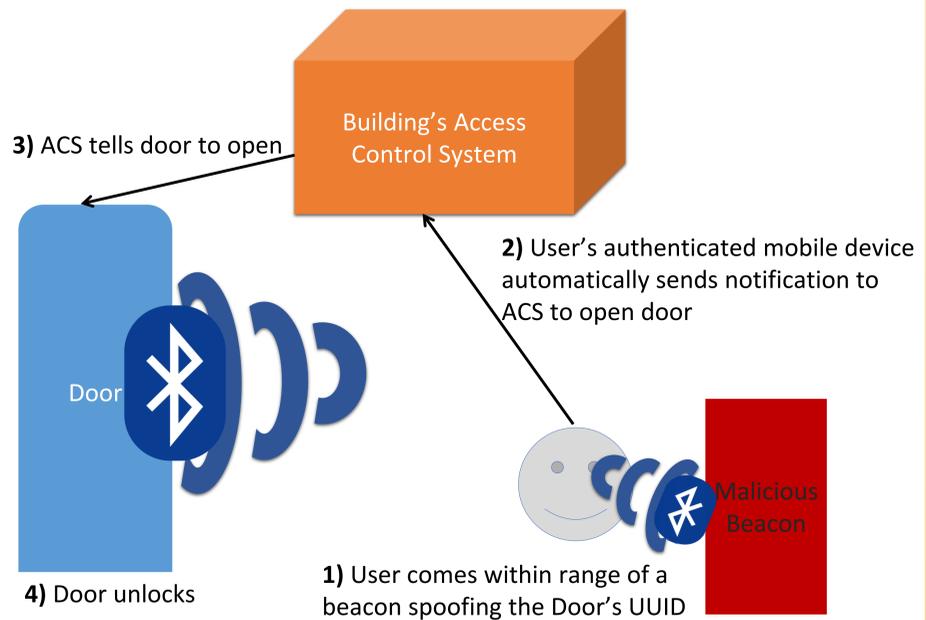
Overview & Components

- In a conventional door lock system, there are three actors:
 - The user, granted and revoked access to locks
 - The Access Control System (ACS)
 - An enterprise authentication mechanism
- Existing authentication:
 - Active directory syncs with building automation
 - Doors connected to via serial lines
 - Expensive to replace entire automation system
- Bluetooth Beacons:
 - Transmit a unique id & transmission power
 - No means of authentication
 - Passive Devices – no connections

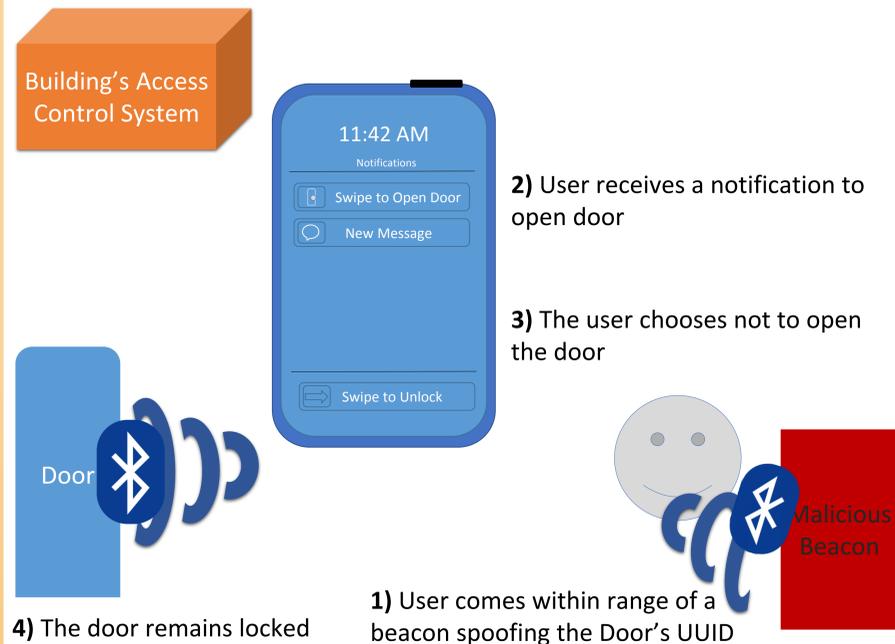
Naïve Protocol



Example Attack



Mitigation through User Interaction



Progress & Future Work

- Prototype implementation:
 - Building Automation & Serial Connection Representation
 - JSON API
 - System Authentication Representation
 - Ruby on Rails Backend
 - Legacy Door Lock
 - Raspberry Pi with LED as Lock
 - iBeacon for Retrofitting Door Lock
 - iBeacon as a Malicious Actor
 - First UUID intercepted and attack proven feasible
- Future Work:
 - Formally verified implementation
 - Integration into existing legacy systems
 - Alternative protocols:
 - RSA Token as UUID for beacon
 - Door locks with integrated Bluetooth receivers (active connection to devices)

